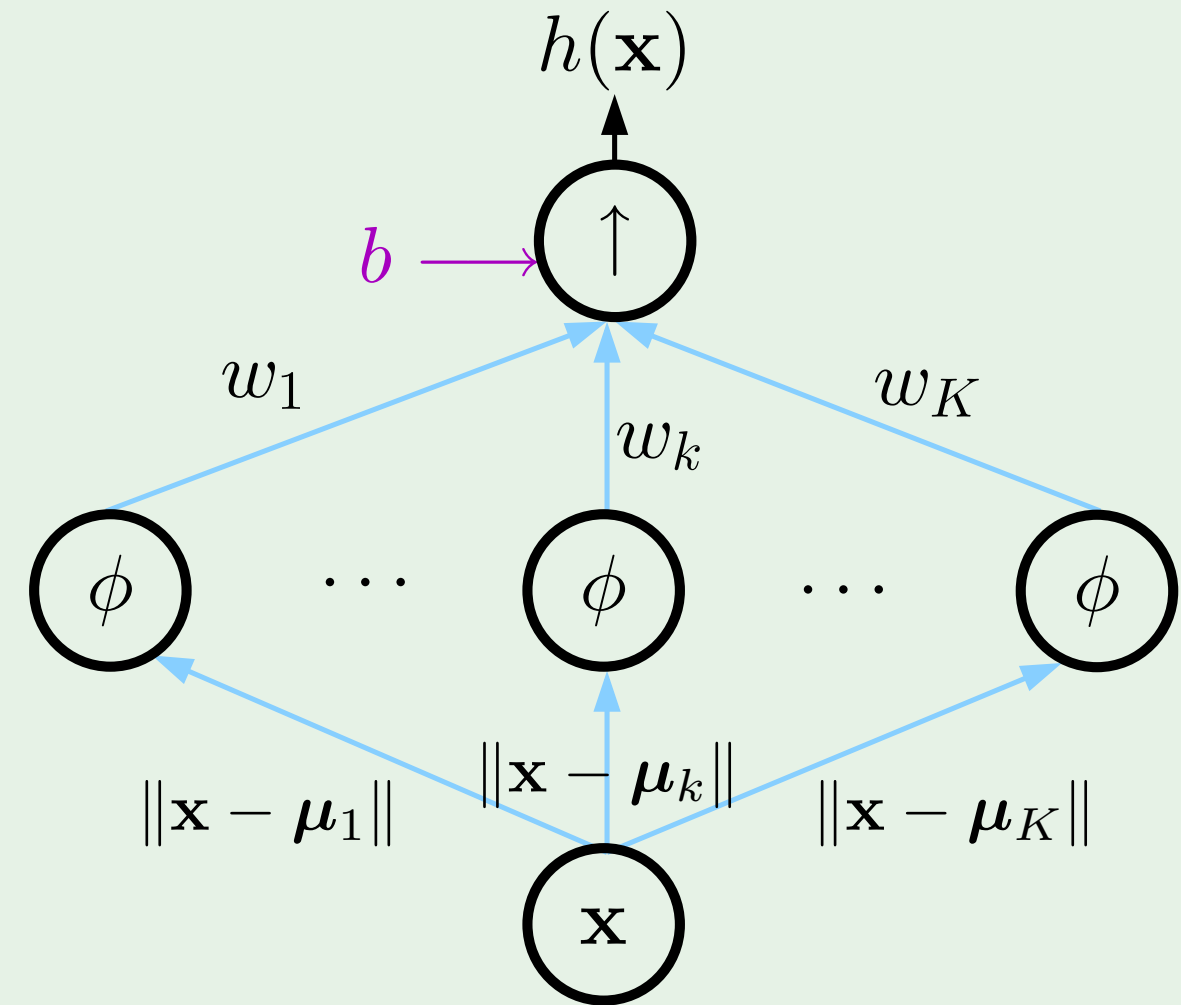


# RBF network

The "features" are  $\exp\left(-\gamma \|\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k\|^2\right)$

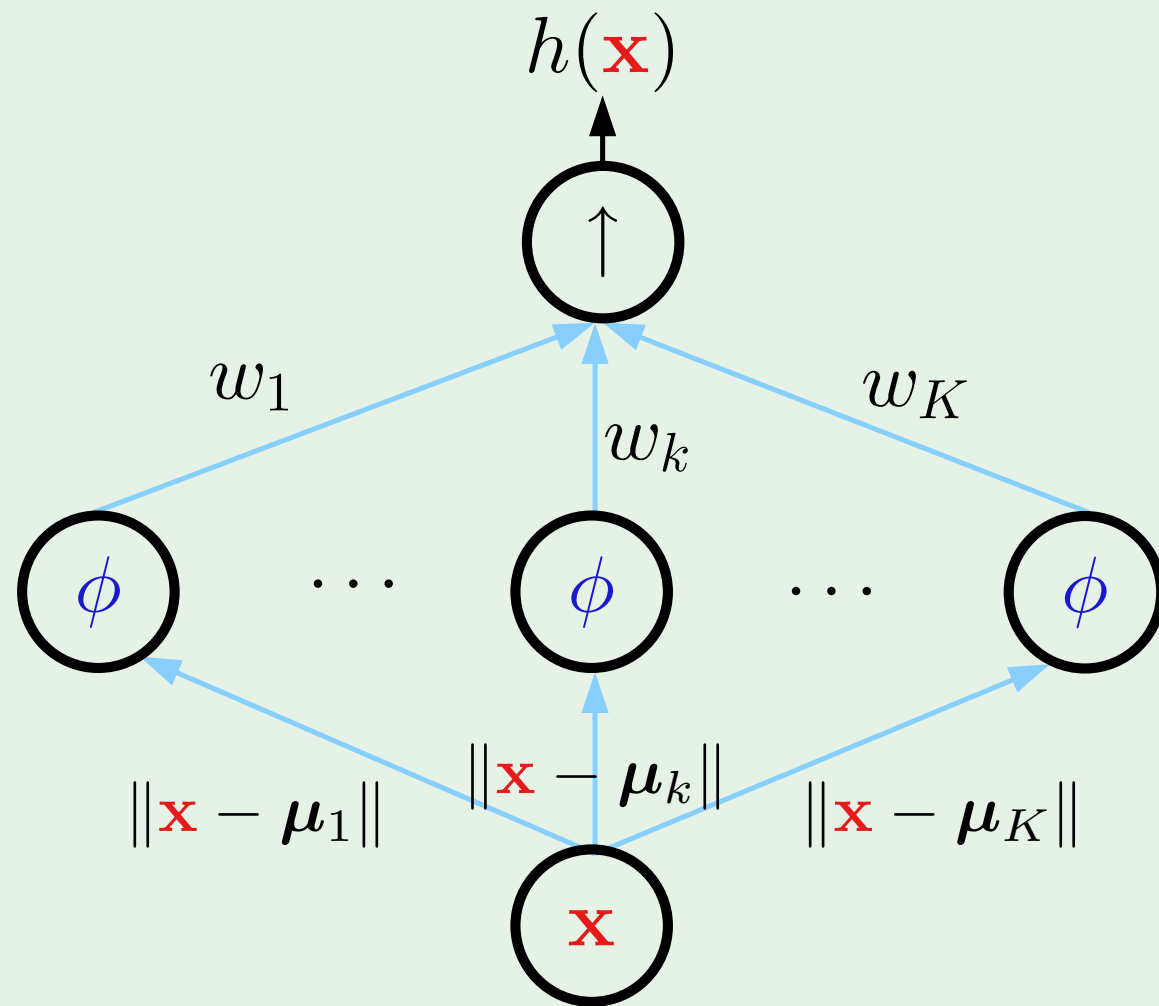
Nonlinear transform depends on  $\mathcal{D}$

$\implies$  No longer a linear model

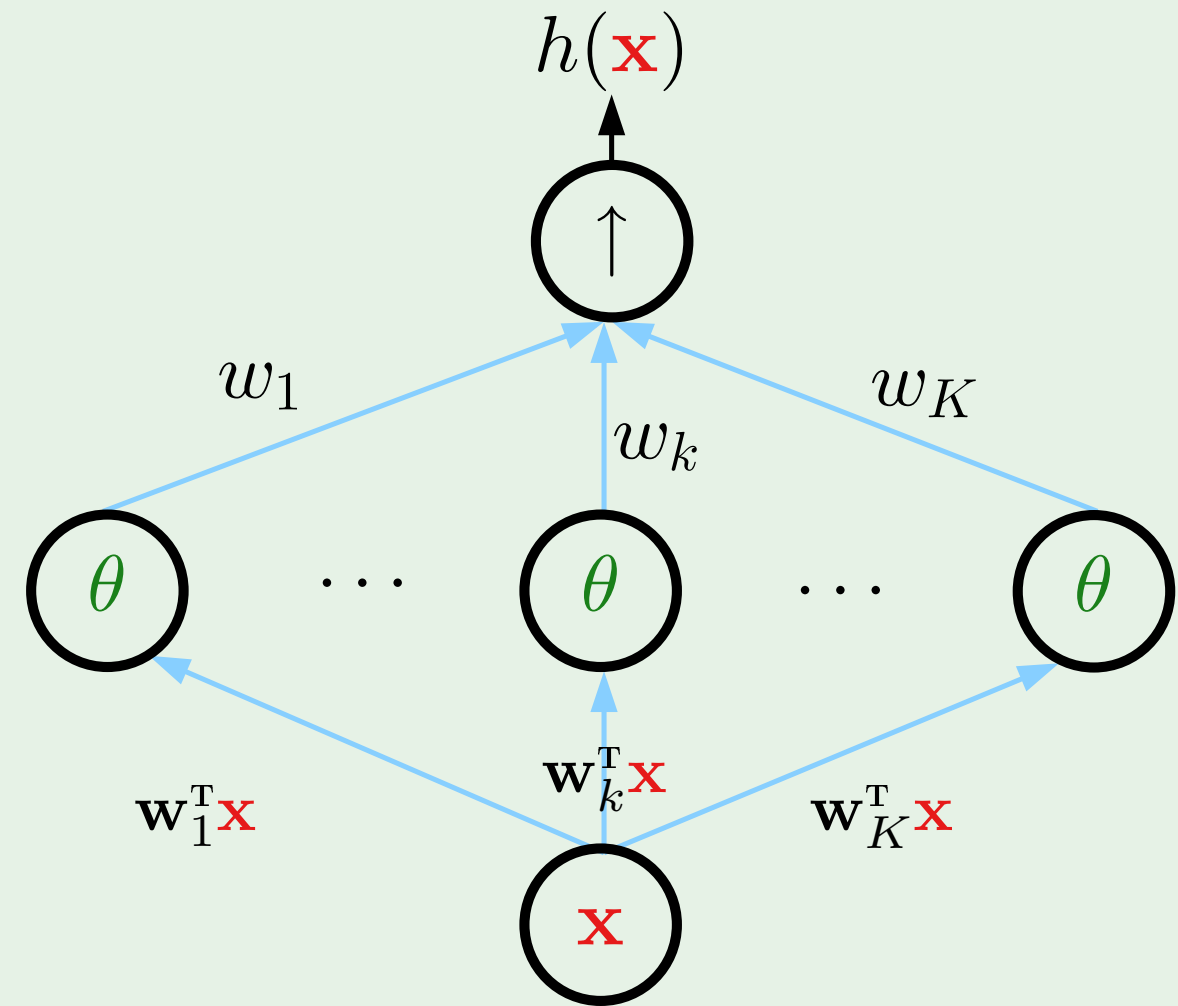


A bias term ( $b$  or  $w_0$ ) is often added

# Compare to neural networks



RBF network



neural network

## Choosing $\gamma$

Treating  $\gamma$  as a parameter to be learned

$$h(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{k=1}^K w_k \exp\left(-\gamma \|\mathbf{x} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_k\|^2\right)$$

Iterative approach ( $\sim$  **EM algorithm** in mixture of Gaussians):

1. Fix  $\gamma$ , solve for  $w_1, \dots, w_K$
2. Fix  $w_1, \dots, w_K$ , minimize error w.r.t.  $\gamma$

We can have a different  $\gamma_k$  for each center  $\boldsymbol{\mu}_k$